

Integration by parts

$$\int x \ln x dx \quad \int e^x \sin x dx$$

$$\int x \cos x dx \quad \int x^2 e^x dx$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} uv = u \cdot \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\int \frac{d}{dx} uv = \int uv' + v u'$$

$$uv = \int u v' dx + \int v u' dx$$

$$uv = \int u dv + \int v du$$
$$- \int v du$$

$$uv - \int v du = \int u dv$$

$$\boxed{\int u dv = uv - \int v du}$$

$$\int u dv = uv - \int v du$$

$$\int x \sin x dx$$

$$u = x \quad du = dx$$

$$dv = \sin x dx$$

$$v = -\cos x$$

$$(x)(-\cos x) - \int -\cos x dx$$

$$\boxed{-x \cos x + \sin x + C}$$

$$\int x^2 \ln x \, dx$$

$$u = \ln x \quad du = \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$dv = x^2 \, dx \quad v = \frac{x^3}{3}$$

$$\ln x \left( \frac{x^3}{3} \right) - \int \frac{x^3}{3} \cdot \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\ln x \left( \frac{x^3}{3} \right) - \frac{1}{3} \int x^2 \, dx$$

$$\ln x \left( \frac{x^3}{3} \right) - \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{x^3}{3} + C$$

$$\boxed{\frac{x^3}{3} \left( \ln x - \frac{1}{3} \right) + C}$$

$$\int \ln x \, dx$$

$$u = \ln x \quad du = \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$dv = dx \quad v = x$$

$$x \ln x - \int \cancel{x} \frac{dx}{\cancel{x}}$$

$$x \ln x - \int dx$$

$$x \ln x - x + C$$

$$\int \ln x = x \ln x - x + C$$

$$\int (\ln x)^2 dx$$

$$u = \ln x$$

$$du = \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$dv = \ln x dx$$

$$v = x \ln x - x$$

$$\ln x (x \ln x - x) - \int (x \ln x - x) \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$\ln x (x \ln x - x) - \int (\ln x - 1) dx$$

$$\ln x (x \ln x - x) - \int \ln x dx - \int 1 dx$$

$$\ln x (x \ln x - x) - x \ln x + x - x + C$$

$$\ln x (x \ln x - x) - x \ln x$$

$$x (\ln x)^2 - x \ln x - x \ln x + C$$

$$x (\ln x)^2 - 2x \ln x + C$$

$$x \ln x (\ln x - 2) + C$$